The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1864. NO. 236

THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

THE
NORTH CAROLINIAN
BY
P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Single copies 25 cents. Six months TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS. Three months, FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

One month THREE DOLLARS.

The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three months THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompan the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advan e.

The Value of Money.

Value of old Issue.	Value of new Issue.	Val. new	Value of old Issue.
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.

From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 60⅔

From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔

From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔

From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔

From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔

From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔

Swept away by monthly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE
REPORTER'S DICTIONARY,
BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense: A. E. MARSHALL,

dtf Augusta, Ga.

J. G. GODFREY,
WHOLESALE RETAIL
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Keeps Cotton Yarns For Sale.
Fayetteville, N. C.
199-tf

H. McMILLAN
Auctioneer and
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 10-3m*

CLAIMS
Of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bount, arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,
123-tf Commissioner.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS
Throughout the Confederacy

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
RAILROAD BUREAU,
RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Paakages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or a any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of there armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.
V. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,
AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20. 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relative of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requiremensst

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co
may20-tf.

ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH,
Grocer and Commission
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
196-tf

Brown Windsor Soap.
A LARGE LOT JUST RECEIVED at No. 17, Market Square.
229-1t

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.
CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.

Nov. 1, 1864.

Bacon	5 50 @ 6 00 ℔ lb
Pork	2 00 @ 2 50 ℔ lb
Lard	— — @ 5 50 ℔ lb
Beef	1 50 @ 2 00 ℔ lb
Beeswax	4 25 @ — — ℔ lb
Butter	— — @ 8 50 ℔ lb
Cotton	1 75 @ — — ℔ lb
Coffee	15 00 ℔ lb
Cotton Yarn	$25 @ 40 ℔ bunch.
Dried Fruit ... Apples & Peaches	75 $1 ℔ lb
Eggs	3 00 @ — — ℔ do
Extract Logwood	$5 @ $6 ℔ lb
Flour	$200 @ 225 ℔ barrel
Flaxseed	12 50 @ 13 00 ℔ bushel
Fodder	$8 00 @ 10 00 ℔ hundred
Hay	6 00 ℔ hundred.
Shucks	$6 50 ℔ hundred
Grain—Corn	$— 00 @ 20 00 ℔ bushel
Wheat	$35 00 ℔ bushel
Rye	15 00 @ $— 00 ℔ bushel
Oats	3 00 $10 00 ℔ bushel
Peas	17 50 @ 20 00 ℔ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00 ℔ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50 ℔ lb
Leather—Upper	25 00 ℔ lb
Sole	18 00 ℔ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	50 00 ℔ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	50 00 @ 60 ℔ gallon
Molasses	$15 20 00 ℔ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Onions	20 00 @ 25 00 ℔ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$— @ 15 00 ℔ bushel
Sweet	$— —@ 10 00 ℔ bushel
Rice	65 @ 75 ℔ lb
Sugar	10 ℔ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00 ℔ lb
Toilet	5 00 ℔ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00 ℔ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	1 50 @ 3 25 ℔ Yard
Salt	$— 00 @ 40 ℔ bushel
Tallow	4 00 @ — 00 ℔ lb
Wool	$6 00 @ 8 00 ℔ lb

THE
ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!
ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!

THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
HAS A LARGER
HAS A LARGER
AND
MORE TALENTED
MORE TALENTED
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
AND THRILLING
AND THRILLING
WITH ROMANCES,
WITH ROMANCES,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHES,
TALES
TALES
OF
REAL
REAL
LIFE,
LIFE,
POETRY,
POETRY,
HISTORY,
HISTORY,
BIOGRAPHY,
BIOGRAPHY,
NOVELETTES,
NOVELETTES,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
WITICISMS MISCELLANY,
WITICISMS, MISCELLANY,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
A HOME JOURNAL FOR
THE HOUSEHOLD!
AN ORNAMENT
FOR THE PARLOR.
A SOLDIER'S
PAPER FOR
THE CAMP.
A
TRAVELLER'S
COMPANION.
PLEASANT READING
FOR EVERYBODY.
A RICH CASKET OF
POLITE SOUTHERN LITERATURE!

SUBSCRIPTION—Six months.....$10
The Trade supplied at $25 per hundred.
Address,
WM. B. SMITH,
Jun oprietor, Raleigh, N. C.

Wanted.
200,000 FEET OF 1¼ & 1 INCH LUMBER, 12 inch. wide.
Apply CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association. 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia

European News!

RICHMOND, Nov. 6.—European advices to the 23d have been received. The Bazaar in Liverpool, in aid of the Southern prisoners of war, proved a great success. Four days receipts amounted to 10,000 pounds sterling. About nine thousand additional subscriptions have been made.

A strike among the Colliers of South Stafford was becoming alarming. Serious collisions with the police had occurred.

The depression on account of the financial and commercial crisis showed little or no improvement. Failures are daily announced.

The Emperor and Empress of Russia passed through Marseilles on the 1st, en route for Neice. It was considered certain that an interview would take place at Neice between Alexander and Napoleon.

Bunch, ex Consul to Charleston, has been gazetted as Consul to Cuba.

NORTHERN NEWS.

MOBILE, Nov. 5th, via Senatobia, 4.—Memphis papers of the 2nd say nothing about Price. The Chicago Times of the 29th, says the previous dispatches claiming a victory over Price, were bogus, gotten up for election purposes. It says the Shenandoah Valley is thrown in the shade by Missouri telegrams.

Nothing important from other points.

Guerrillas operations continue on the Mississippi.

RICHMOND, Nov. 5.—The Baltimore 'American' says the Tallahassee captured and scuttled 5 vessels off Block Island.

Nothing from Hood or Sherman.

RICHMOND, Nov. 6.—New York papers of the 4th received. Much excitement at Ogdensburg, N. Y., regarding an expected rebel raid from Canada. Business was suspended and citizens preparing for defence.

A large number of armed men, supposed to be rebels, are on an Islsnd in the St. Lawrence river, below Ogdensburg.

A suspicious steamer, having on board about 50 men, passed along the river close to shore in the afternoon. It is reported that the Tallahasse entered the Deleware Breakwater, fired and destroyed several vessels at anchor there, and afterwards burned Lewis, Del., and robbed the people of a largo amount of property. Four vessels were sent in pursuit of the Tallahassee.

Afinirs in the Shenandoah Valley remain quiet.

Nothing from Grant or Sherman.

Dix has issued an order instructing the Provost Marshals to use the necessary precaution to prevent rebel deserters from voting on Tuesday, but no military force must be stationed at or in the vicinity of the polling place.

Butler has arrived at New York with orders to report to Dix for duty.

FROM SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 6.—Nothing important by truce to-day, and no late papers. Our prisoners have not yet arrived at Hilton Head,

There will be another flag on Tuesday, when it is supposed the exchange wil take place.

From Lee's Army!

PETERSBURG, Nov. 6.—Gen. Gracie captured a Yankee picket line last night. A number of prisoners were taken.

The Yankee batteries opened and kept up a heavy fire all night. All quiet to day.

DESERTED CAMPS.—Reliable scouts from the enemy's rear state that the troops who were advanced to to the Boydton Plank road Thursday afternoon, deserted their camps, leaving many valuables in them, and no guard to protect them. Numbers of citizens and negroes, hearing of the tempting bait left unguarded, availed themselves of the opportunity offered to secure full supplies of coffee, sugar, bacon and crackers. Large quantities were taken and carried off before the enemy returned.

☞ Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

Miscellaneous Items.

The hat manufactory in Montgomery, Ala., is getting on finely. It is now turning out weekly some thousand good substantial hats for the Government, and will increase its facilities so as to double the number shortly.

Col. Thomas H. Seymour, of Connecticut, has taken the stump for McClellan and Pendleton. He is a thorough peace man.

Henry Winter Davis has been overslaughed by the unconditionals in the third Congressional District, and Colonel Charles S. Phelps has been nominated.

Northern papers report Ex President Buchanan, and Mr. Mason, the Confederate agent, both at the Regent Hotel, Leamington, England at the latest dates.

Eighteen ministers of the Gospel were elected to the Legislature in the late election in Vermont.

Mrs. Greenhow was drowned in consequence of having six hundred pounds sterling in gold tied to her person.

The Presbyteran Synod of Ala., have inaugurated a plan for the support and education of the children of deceased and disabled soldiers.

We learn from the Iredell Express that one murderer, Elbert Reed, and two horse-thieves, Robert Cummings and B. F. Howard escaped from jail in Statesville, on the night of the 28th ult.

A mutual and benevolent Association has been formed in Raleigh, to purchase for the people.

PLANTATION
With Crop, Stock, Wagons, Mules, &c., thereon, late Major John T. Gilmore's, to be sold at Public Auction.

THE above property will be offered for sale on the premises on Tuesday the 29th of November 1864. The Land is in one body, and contains 485 acres nearly all of which is valuable Swamp Land, there being 80 acres well drained, cleared and under cultivation, yielding the best crops of any land in this section of the State. There is also about 200 acres of Swamp Land equally as good as that under cultivation, to be cleared, which may be easily drained, (some of which is already ditched and partly cleared;) the remainder is used for pastures and wood land. The houses and buildings are at a convenient distance from the farming lands above described, on a healthy, high and dry part of the tract, with good water. The buildings are in good repair, including a comfortable dwelling house, convenient and well arranged negro houses; good fences, stables, barn, cribs, lots, guardens, &c. The plantation is 14 miles from Fayetteville, on the East side of the Cape Fear River, about one and a half miles from the River, and embraces what is known as Alligator Swamp, adjoins Johnson and others, and is not very far from the mouth of Cedar Creek and the residence of Mr. J. C. Blocker.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, the following personal property:

1500 to 2000 bushels of Corn;
The crop of Fodder, Shucks, Peas, &c;
Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Goats, &c;
4 Valuable Mules;
One Sorrel Mare;
One Jennet;
One 4 Horse Wagon; one Timber Cart; with all the Farming Tools and other articles on the premises.

Terms will be made known before sale.

A. J. BYRNE,
A. McLEAN,
E. F. MOORE, } Ex'rs.

Fayetteville, N. C. 222 ts

The Weekly Intelligencer

IS PUBLISHED AT AYETTEVILLE, N. C. on TUESDAY of each week. It is made up from the news contained in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN, and will always contain the

VERY LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Having the advantage of the news of the PRESS ASSOCIATION, of which the Daily North Carolinian is a member.

THE MARKETS

Will be fully and carefully reported each day and a true statement of their condition honestly given. We have

SECURED CORRESPONDENTS

In the Armies of Gens. LEE and PICKET, and will always give a faithful and full record of army matters.

POST MASTERS and others are requested to act as AGENTS, and each Agent sending six or more subscribers with the money for six months, will receive the Weekly paper six months gratis.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will not be taken for a longer period than six months; and in no case will the paper be sent until the money is received.

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for $2 per square of 16 lines for the first, and one dollar for each suceeding publication.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER—Three months, $3 00
" " Six months, 5 00

J. J. SINCLAIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE POST QUARTERMASTER,
4th Congressional Dist., N. C.,
Fayetteville, N. C. Oct. 21.

Notice to Farmers and Tithe Agents.

THE Tithe Agents will receive the Long Forage and give receipts which the Farmers must bring in when they assess their corn.—Any Farmer who does not make 200 bushels of corn does not pay either corn or fodder from said 200 bushels. But if a person makes 200 bushels they then pay tithes on the whole amount, but the same Farmers must appear before the Assessors to make oath that they do not make more than 200 bushels.

J. M. McGOWAN,
225-2t Capt and Post Q. M.

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, EDITOR.

Office, No. 17 Market Square,

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, o whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., NOV. 7. 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday.*

☞ NOTICE.—C. C. MCCRUMMIN, Esq., is our authorized agent to receive moneys and receipt for us in all business matters connected with this office, which relates to subscription and advertising.

Wanted Immediately!

At this Office, one good COMPOSITOR to whom permanent employment and good wages will be given.

We have always thought that it would have been better for our country if the leaders of the movement for the establishment of the Southern Confederacy, had been content to wait till the independence of the States of the South was recognized before any permanent government, or other constitution than the provisional constitution under which we lived for the first year of the war, was framed. But we do not know that any improvement could have been effected.

The plank in our constitution which has subjected it to the most criticism, is the one which acknowledges the right of the States to secede. It is urged by those who offered this objection that it is an evidence of weakness and instability for a constitution to provide for the destruction of the very government which it establishes, and that a few years will suffice to show that this was a sad mistake. We do not agree with those who take this view of the subject.

It is evident to every reflecting mind that the Northern people would never have pursued a policy at once so outrageous and oppressive to the South, if they had known that there was an expressed and undeniable constitutional remedy, to the aggrieved parties through the agency of secession in the event of such action on their part. And the South would have been secure and stronged sustained in their course by an unmistakable clause to that effect. The whole of civilization would have sustained them, and any attempt on the part of the North to coerce, or to overawe their action would have brought the frown of an indignant christendom upon them. In our country this right is well understood by all parties, and a numerical majority will encroach on the rights of the minority, with its eyes open to the consequences and with no constitutional authority, either real or imaginary, to sustain it in its violations of the sacred rights of its adversary.

Therefore instead of being a weak point, we regard it as an element of strength.

We have information, says the Lynchburg *Republican*, that a million of pounds of bacon have been brought lately within our lines from a quarter which, we may take it for granted, the enemy is either unapprised of, or unable to prevent communication with. We have reason to believe, too, this handsome addition to the Confederate commissariat is but a foretaste of what is expected. The starving out policy of the enemy is not likely to be successful.

It is thought that the several bands of Confederates who are scattered along the Ohio river, between the mouth of Salt river and Evansville, will number 2,000 men.

FROM THE FRONT.—The Columbus Inquirer has verbal reports from General Hood's army up to Monday last. Everything was then going on prosperously, and the new developments were not at all significant of Sherman's ability to turn his course southward this winter.

The Montgomery Mail says that Sherman appears to be following up the rear of our army, imagining it is retreating and he in pursuit. It is said that his cavalry had already made an attack on Wheeler, who was protecting Hood's rear, and that the Yankees were repulsed. This appareut change of the aggressive should give no uneasiness. It would perhaps be "contraband" to disclose what we hear of the present position; but suffice it to say that even if Sherman should reach Blue Mountain, it will not at all incommode or disconcert General Hood and his army. The advance would only render it much more difficult for Sherman to extricate himself. We regard it as a settled fact that Sherman cannot now recover the line of communication between Nashville and Atlanta. A few days more will develope the facts upon which this opinion is based.

Gens. Beauregard and Hood addressed the army the night before leaving Gadsden, promising to lead them to the accomplishment of deeds which would gladden the hearts of the people at home and strike terror into the souls of our enemies in the West. They were cheered lustily from time to time, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the several corps.

The telegraph line upon the route from Selma to Blue Mountain has been completed, and the office has been moved from Talladega to Oxford. A line of couriers have been filling up the gap heretofore.

A courier from Hood's army has reached Blue Mountain, who states that Hood had captured Decatur a few days since, with four thousand prisoners.

It is reported that Wheeler had driven back the raiding party which was advancing on Jacksonville, defeating them in a smart little fight near Ladiga.

DEMORILIZATION OF THE YANKEES.—The Petersburg *Express* has the repeated statements of deserters and others, that Grant's army is greatly demoralized. An intelligent Irishman who was severely wounded in the fight near Burgess' Mill, Thursday afternoon, and left in our hands, states that it was chiefly from this cause, the enemy abandened the position they gained in such hot haste Thursday night. A consultation took place in the building into which this wounded artillerist was carried, between Grant, Meade, Hancock and another, in which the demoralization of the men formed a prominent feature.—As a further evidence the ground was deserted under cover of darkness, Grant leaving all his wounded in our hands that he could not take away, and his dead unburied.

THE INTENDED ATTACK ON WILMINGTON.—On this subject the N. Y. *Times* says:

With respect to Wilmington, and the escape of the Tallahassee, we may say that we do not believe Confederates and blockade runners will ever be effectually prevented from running in and running out there until the place, or at least its outer defences, are in our hands. It has not been concealed for sometime that our Government is seriously intending to try its power against Wilmington, and we have published statements from the rebel papers which show the information possessed by the enemy on the subject. It were well the Government's purpose in the matter were quickly carried out. If the Halifax news of the escape of the Tallassee be true, who can tell what the delay in attacking Wilmington may have cost us?

In an interview with a gentleman from east of the Chowan river, we learn that the negroes who have been decoyed and stolen from their masters and kept in confinement at Norfolk, are very anxious to return to their owners, but are prevented by their new masters. Until within the last few weeks they received rations from the Yankee commissary, but now they are left to starve; and, the larger portion of them being women and children, the probability is that they will perish from hunger *en masse*. This is Yankee sympathy for the negro.

STRAWS.—Our letters from the army, (says the Montgomery Mail of the 20th,) if no other confirmation reaches us, evidently bear marks of triumph. Such envelopes! Such stationery! Three epistles now lie before us. One is on rose tinted paper, another upon heavy English note with gorgeous enboscations, and the last upon a massive sheet of the most curious devices. The boys have been among the Yankee sutlers without doubt, and have supplied themselves for the campaign.—Straws show which way the wind blows.

FROM THE FRONT.—Our latest advices from the front are up to the 26th. Gen. Vaughn's, headquarters are now at Panther Springs, six miles from Morristown. His cavalry are in the neighborhood of New Market. No Yankees are this side of Strawberry Plains. Gillam, the Federal commander, sent out a party of twenty to watch the movements of Col. Palmer, when he surprised them and captured the whole squad—fifteen of them arrived here last night.—*Knoxville* (Bristol) *Register*.

Corn is selling in Montgomery, Alabama, at from $3 to $3 50 per bushel.

CONFEDERATE LEADERS.

From a late number of the London *Illustrated News*, we extract the subjoined hearty and kindly notice of some pictures of our great Confederate leaders:

To those who are reading the present page of American history, these pictures—authentic and reliable portraits of the Spartan leaders of the South—will be invaluable as illustrations. A curious interest attaches to them, moreover, from the fact that they have "run the blockade." They were passengers on some low, black snake of a steamer, that crept through the beleaguering squadron and sped away to sea, laughing all pursuit to scorn. We almost picture to ourselves the canvasses hanging in the little cabin, gazing, with strange speculation in their painted eyes, out toward the Federal cruiser in chase. They have passed the peril, and are here among us to bring before us vividly some of the chief actors in the great tragedy of endurance that is being enacted South. Many an exiled Confederate will doubtless visit this collection at No. 314 Oxford street, and find food for comfort in the pale, stern faces of the men who guard the freedom of his country.

By some strange freak of nature, Jefferson Davis, the President, whose portrait is the first to which our attention is drawn, has much in it that is usually held as indicative of the 'Yankee' type. This may, perhaps, be owing, in some degree, to the peculiar beard—of the same cut as that so familiar in the portraits of his rival, Abraham Lincoln. There is more refinement, though, about Davis; and the intellect, cool, calculating and indomitable, which looks out of his clear grey eye, exerts a 'higher pressure' on the physique than is usual to the common run of Americans. One impression which the portrait leaves on the mind is that the sword is fretting too thin a sheath.

General Lee's honest, fine face, with its silver locks and beard and bright brown eye, might look out of a middle age casque, so marked is it by a chivalrous nobility. As he stands, in an easy but commanding posture, clad in the plain grey uniform, with the simple three stars on the collar, he looks the very impersonation of firmness, boldness and vigor; for the snows on his head are those of experience, not decay. In the original sketch, the eye has a jovial, rollicking expression, and the face a merry, kindly smile, which in the absence of the uniform, make us fancy that we are regarding the likeness of some veteran *literateur*, running over with *bon mots*, epigrams, and anecdotes.

Beauregard's face is probably the one which would be selected as the handsomest by a lady visitor. It bears unmistakable signs of his French origin. Indeed, with shaven cheek and small iron grey moustache, he might pass for a hero of the Crimea. A fine thoughtful head is his, and there is no lack of firmness and decision in the thin, compressed lips, half hidden by the small iron grey moustache aforesaid.

STARTLING RUMOR.—A gentleman just from Richmond states that he saw an intelligent offieer of the army, who told him it was currently reported in the city, that intelligence had been received by a citizen there to the effect that his cousin, who had just returned from a secret expedition, had heard from most unquestionable sources, that a man had been heard to say recently, that an officer in official circles at Richmond, had understood from a lady just arrived by the morning train, that she had heard it stated on the cars day before yesterday, that a lady had said a few days ago, that her husband had told her a rumor prevailed, and was to some extent credited in official circles at Richmond, that there was still a few gallons of apple brandy left in the Shenandoah Valley, which possibly accounts for the recent defeat of the army of Gen. Early.

GEN. VAUGHN'S ORDER.—Gen. Vaughan has issued an order that will bring bushwhackers and deserters to their senses.—He says, all bushwhackers, outlaws and deserters, in the counties of Carter, Johnson, Greene, Washington, &c., Tenn., are notified, that if any more acts of robbing or killing are committed, the houses and property of them and their friends, in the vicinity of the place where the crime is committed, will be burnt to the ground. He now has undisputed possession of upper East Tennessee, and will certainly do what he says.

We have been informed by a gentleman immediately from Wilson that our forces evacuated Washington on last Monday, leaving it in the hands of the enemy. While this is unwelcome news, yet it is the part of true patriotism to bear reverses with manly fortitude if this be our position—as we believe it is—we will be stimulated to gird ourselves with more determined resolution and exert ourselves with more energy for coming conflicts until the blessings of peace and independence shall be ours.—*Conservative.*

FROM GEORGIA.—From the Columbia *Guardian*, we learn that General Jackson had just returned from a raid on the railroad between Marietta and Atlanta. He captured a train of cars loaded with railroad iron and cut the railroad. The enemy were repairing the road above Marietta.

The Savannah 'Republican' says the movements of the enemy on the coast of Carolina and Georgia, for some weeks past, have kept the military authorities wide awake, and puzzled them no little. War vessels and transports, the latter in considerable number, have been hovering around, apparently with some malicious intent. In the last few days their manoeuvres have become apparent. As if apprehensive that we had a fleet of blockade-runners at Savannah anxions to get out, they have effectually blocked up the channel of the Savannah and Warsaw rivers. Considerable bodies of men have been landed on Tybee and Big Warsaw Islands, and a flag-staff planted on the latter, from which floats the hated ensign of Abolition tyranny. Whether the troops landed are yankee troops or Confederate prisoners-of-war, brought to be exchanged, does not appear; there are circumstances that favor the belief that it is an exchange movement. A flag of truce boat is expected up the river in a day or two, and then all doubts will be removed. In the meantime, our authorities are exercising al vigilance, and holding themselves prepared to meet any emergency that may arise.

FROM THE FRONT.

The Columbus Sun underatands that a letter has been received from a very high official in Gen. Hood's army, which states that the army crossed the Tennessee river at Gunter's landing, and was then at Tuscumbia. The general impression seems to be that Hood will move on Nashville, while many suppose that the theatre of operations will be transferred to the old battle ground around Corinth.

A gentleman recently from Middle Tennessee, says, the notorious Captain Calvin L. Brixey, who deserted from the 16th Tennessee Regiment, whilst our army was stationed at Corinth, and who since that time, has been the ringleader of a Union band of bushwhackers in Middle Tennessee, was captured by a portion of the 4th Tennessee cavalry, in Wheeler's command, and hung near Murfreesboro, about three weeks since. This fellow and his band of outlaws were engaged on an extensive scale in murdering, plundering and robbing southern citizens in Middle Tennessee, of whom, in specie alone, it is supposed they had taken several thousand dollars.

A gentleman writing from Quincy, Florida, reports a bad corn crop in that section. He says:

'The crops in this section are unexpectedly short, the corn promised an abundant yield about the time it was layed by. Since the fodder was stripped, we have found out that our crops were short and of an inferior quality. We never saw so much rotten corn in a crop before, which is obliged to shorten the crop still further. Sugar cane, peas and potatoes, if the fall is a late, favorable one, may make an average crop.—The meat crop is a good one, that is, a large number of hogs are to fatten, and the government will get it all.—Our planters did not plant any cotton.

REMEDY FOR CROUP.—Having heard of the death of a child from Croup, we give the following simple remedy, which has been used by one of the Editors of this paper, and with uniform success. It is only to place a pinch of pulverized alum on the little sufferer's tongue, repeating it every five or ten minutes until respiration becomes easy. We know families that have used this remedy for years, always with success, and relieving the most violent cases.—*Co federate.*

SMITHVILLE AND WILMINGTON, N. C.—An intelligent officer writing to the editor of the Macon *Telegraph*, from the first named place above, says: "We are looking daily for an attack on this place and Wilmington, but I feel perfectly satisfied that they cannot take either by water.—Nature has endowed them with defences to which art has been skillfully added. I suppose the enemy will attempt a land attack, but they will find this very hazardous."

A FOREIGN LEGION.—A correspondent of the Montgomery Appeal states that a foreign legion, consisting of nearly two regiments, mainly Irish Catholics, sworn into our service by a Catholic priest, has been formed at Richmond, and is nearly ready for the field. President Davis is said not to favor their separate organization, but wants to intersperse them among our skeleton regiments.

Two companies of Mexicans were amongst the Yankee raiders at Clinton, La.

General Sherman is out in a letter denying the paragraph that appeared in the New York Herald, some weeks ago, to the effect that McClellan would get 'ninety-nine out of every hundred' votes cast in his army. He says he is ignorant of the political bias of his army; and he has not and shall not attempt to influence a single vote in the coming election, and that he believes Mr. Lincoln has done the best he could.

The following little paragraph from the Columbia Carolinian of the 27th ult., is about as good as any little paragraph we have lately seen in print:

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Card.

WE will be compelled after this date to increase our charges for Professional services, to amount approximating the cost of living.

Those who will pay in provisions, will be charged according to old rates

B. W. ROBINSON, M. D.
H. A. McSWAIN, "
W. C. McDUFFIE, "
JAS. A. McRAE, "
K. A. BLACK, "
T. D. HAIGH, "

236 4t

Wanted to Hire.

IMMEDIATELY, a good COOK; also a CHAMBERMAID. Apply to
236-tf REUBEN JONES.

Blacksmith Tools at Auction.

THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock will be sold at auction,

One Set of Blacksmith Tools.

236-1t J. H. COOK,
Auct'r.

AT AUCTION.

1 FINE MARE suitable for the Cavalry service
50 bush Sound Salt, three years old.
1 two Horse Wagon, second hand.
The above sale will take place on Tuesday the 8th Nov. at 11 o'clock, at the Market House. W. DRAUGHON.
235-3t Auctioneer.

FAYETTEVILLE NORTH CAROLINA.

MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence 1st of February, 1865.

Applications for admission must be made prior to the 1st January, 1865, about which time the terms will be made known.

Also, wanted two Teachers of military edution, and a Steward in this institution. Address Maj. WM. A. BANKS,
233-tf Superintendant.

For Sale.

A GOOD comfortable DWELLING HOUSE on Hillsboro' street, containing 8 rooms and Kitchen, Stables, &c., with a good well in the yard, and a large vine arbor. There are also 5 acres of land attached to the premises. For further information apply to
S. BRANDT, Fayetteville.
231-6t

CARD NOTICE.

THERE is now ready to be issued from this Department to the different countiesin the State, a lot of **Cotton and Wool Cards.** This lot of Cards will be sent to the Agents, with Backs ready for tacking the Cards on, and be sold at $22.50 per pair to the citizens generally; in no instance is more than one pair to be sold to a family. These Cards are not intended for the families of soldiers. This Department is having a large lot back ready for use, which will be sent out and sold to the families of soldiers as fast as they can be made, at a much less price. Agents are requested to make arrangements and call for them.
H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M.
224-6t

☞ State papers copy: Dailies six times, others four times and forward bill to Major Dowd.

Vick Emanual.

THIS celebrated Horse will stand this, the Fall season, at Fayetteville, N. C., commencing the 10th of October and ending the 10th December, and will be let to Mares at the reduced price of $15 in specie or three barrels of corn, or the market price of the corn or specie in Confederate money, when due, by the insurance. Those who wish to turn by the season will be charged two-thirds of the insurance, with $5 to the Groom in every instance, who is a good groom and will take all possible care to prevent accidents, but I will not be liable for any that may occur. The insurance money to be due as soon as the fact is ascertained that the mare is in foal, and that for the season at the end of the season. Change of property forfeits the insurance. Those putting to this horse are requested to send their Mares regularly every tenth day.

He will stand at the subscriber's stables, east of the Market, and for further convenience of patrons, where there can be classes of six Mares made up, will be met at a distance of not more than ten or twelve miles from town.

PEDIGREE.

VICK EMANUAL is a thorough bred St. Lawrence; was purchased in Canada by Capt. Latham, one of the best judges of stock in the State, at a cost of $3,500 in gold and shipped to Eastern North Carolina in the spring of 1860, at 4 years old. This horse having been purchased by the present owner about ten days ago, his full pedigree is not to hand, but will be given in full as soon as it is forwarded.—He is celebrated for being the finest blooded Horse in the State.

DESCRIPTION.

VICK EMANUAL was eight years old last spring, medium size, fine form and well proportioned, coal black. As to style, fleetness and durability in harness, he has no equal, having been matched by the fastest horses in the State and never beaten. He now challenges the Confederacy for style and fleetness in harness. This is a rare chance, if you wish traveling stock.
REUBEN JONES, Agent.

P. S. Mares sent from a distance will be turned on good grazing lots, and pasturage free of charge.
Oct. 18-219tf